# GEOG YOUR MEMORY!

AQA Geography revision guide Paper 2

Name.....



My TOP TIPS

### Paper 2 – Question 1

## **Urban Issues and Challenges**

(mind map page)

#### Urban Issues and Challenges: Checklist

Topic: I know all about	key content/diagrams	Key words/fo
1) What is urbanisation?	13099000 13099000 13099000 13099000 13099000 13099000 1309900000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 1309900000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 130990000 1309900000 130990000 1309900000 130990000 130990000 130990000 1309900000000 130990000000 130990000000 130990000000000	
2) Why do megacities exist?	HOLE A JOSS OF THE PARTY OF THE	
3) Why is Rio important?	State of the second sec	
4) What social challenges and opportunities of Rio?	Electricity Clean water Sanitation Chall Opps Chall Opps Chall Opps	
5) What are the environmental challenges of Rio?	Challenges:  Strategies:	
6) How does health and education compare with unemployment and crime in Rio?		

7) What are the economic opportunities in Rio? (Fifa world cup)	Clinde de Junite  So Cours Alberto  So S	
8) How does Urban planning improve life for the urban poor? Favela Barrio	Before After	
9) Where are the UKs urban areas?	NOTHER PARTY WE FINANCE OF THE PARTY OF THE	
10)What are opportunities for people in Bristol?	Letture   Reconstition   Name   St Pouls Cerebrol   Name   Caded Claus Shapping Center   Name   Caded Claus Shapping Cen	
11)What is Bristol changing for the environment?	Intergrated Transport System  Urban Greening  Waste Disposal	
12) Why is there social inequality in Bristol?	SB F	
13) What is industrial dereliction, brownfield sites and regeneration?	The Harbourside	



#### Urban Issues and Challenges: Key Words

HIC	
LIC	
NEE	
Urbanisation	
Urban growth	
Economic	
Development	
Natural increase	
Rural-urban migration	
Squatter settlement	
Quality of life	
Sanitation	

Push Factor	
Pull Factor	
Megacity	
Condominial System (for water)	
Water contamination	
Waste disposal	
Pacification	
Favela Barrio Project	
Informal sector/ informal job	
Migration	
Urban growth	
Strategy	
Social	
Economic	
Environmental	
Cultural	
Integrated Transport System (ITS)	
Urban Greening	
Poo bus	
Sustainable	
Inequality	
Stoke Bishop	
Filwood	

Housing demand	
Industrial decline	
Brownfield site	
Urban Sprawl	
Greenfield site	
Commuter settlement	
Sustainable urban living	
Hanham Hall	
Photovoltaic cells / solar panels	
CO2 emissions	
Green space	
Rainwater harvesting (water butts)	
Insulated timber panels (insulation)	
Congestion	
London Underground	
Emirate Airline	

# Paper 2 – Question 2 The Changing Economic World

(mind map page)

#### The Changing Economic World: Checklist

TOPIC	Notes/diagrams	Key words/ L3 facts
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Global variation in development		
2. Demographic transition model	The state of the s	
3. Population pyramids	Apparent Jibb Seed Seed Seed Seed Seed Seed Seed Se	
4. Uneven development		
5. Migration and refugees		
6. Reducing the development gap	THE WORLD BANK  OXFAM  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B  B	

7. <b>Nigeria:</b> changing industrial structure		
8. <b>Nigeria:</b> TNCs vs Aid	Opiliano Shell actionaid	
9. <b>Nigeria:</b> Environmental impacts vs Quality of Life		
10. <b>UK:</b> Industrial change	MANAGEMENT MANAGEMENT	
11. <b>UK</b> : infrastructure and sustainability	business of a second of the se	
12. <b>UK:</b> social impacts of industrial change		



#### Changing Economic World: Key Words

Economic	
Development	
Inequality	
Wealth gap	
9 1	
GNI	
(Economic indicators)	
HDI	
(Social indicators)	
Life expectancy	
Birth rate	
Death rate	
Literacy rate	
Migrant	
Dama a amana ki a	
Demographic	
Transition model	
Natural increase	
<u> </u>	
Natural decrease	
Deputation pyrancial	
Population pyramid:	

Wider/ narrow base	
Steep/straight middle	
Wider/narrow top	
Population structure	
Uneven development	
Physical factors	
Economic factors	
Historical factors	
Economic migrant (EU)	
Refugee	
Pull factor	
European union	
Informal job	
Host country	
Country of origin	
Reducing the development gap:	
- industrial development	
- aid	
- fairtrade	
- tourism	
Industrial Structure	
Manufacturing (Nigeria)	
Resources (Nigeria)	

Transnational Corporation (TNC)	
Shell	
Unilever	
Action Aid	
Infrastructure	
Urbanisation	
Squatter settlements	
Environmental impacts	
Niger Delta (oil)	
Conflict	
Biodiversity loss	
Industrial revolution	
Industrial decline	
Service sector	
Quaternary industries	
Cambridge Science Park	
Sustainability	
Rural / urban	
Outer Hebrides	

Cambridgeshire	
North south divide	
Public sector jobs	
Private sector jobs	
HS2	
Enterprise Zones	
Trade	
Culture	

Paper 2 – Question 3 (resources) Question 6 (energy)

# The Challenge of Resource Management

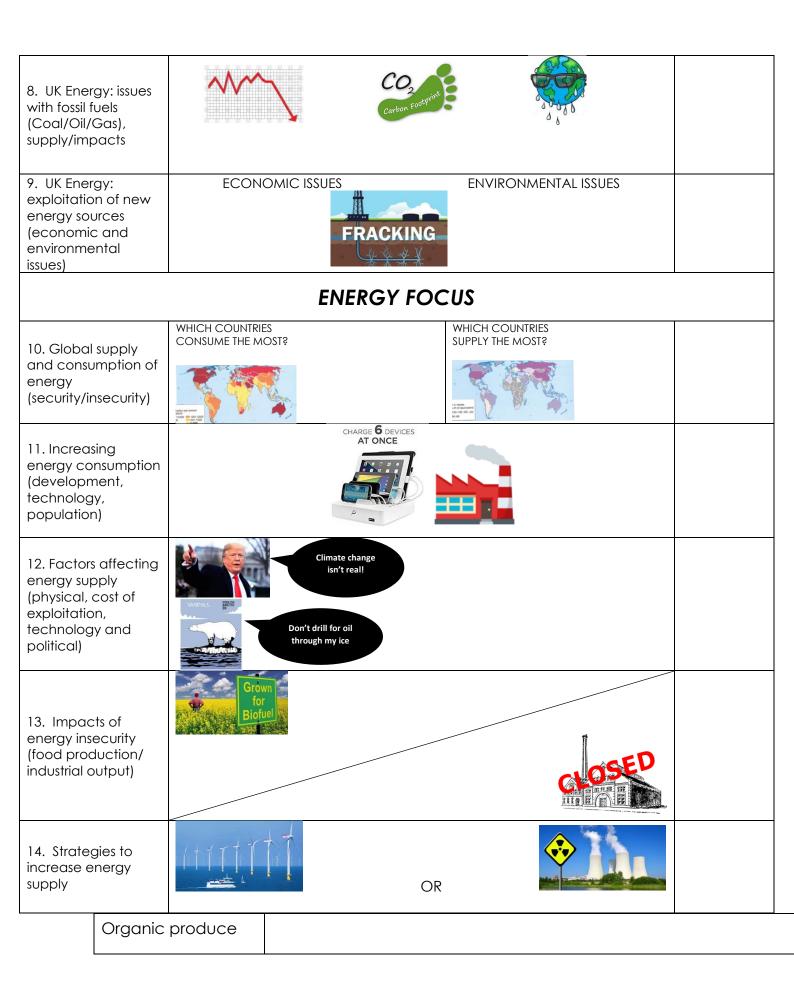
(mind map page)

### Resource Management: Key Words

Resource	
Malnutrition	
Undernutrition	
Demand	
Supply	
Import	
Export	
Food miles	

# Resource Management: Checklist

TOPIC	Notes/diagrams	Key words/ facts
UK Food: demand for year round products and high quality		
2. UK Food: impacts – food miles and carbon footprints, LIC impacts	CO <sub>2</sub> Carbon Footprint	
3. UK Food: Agribusiness + organic farming	ORGANO Plant DO NOT SPRAY	
4. UK Water: changing demand		
5. UK Water: issues with supply (surplus/deficit)	Registration of the control of the	
6. UK Water: strategies – transfer, quality management, recycling	RAINFALL POPULATION DENSITY  Water TRANSFER Water QUALITY MANAGEMENT Water RECYCLING	
7. UK Energy: energy mix (past/ present/future)	FOSSIL FUELS NUCLEAR RENEWABLES	
Carbon	footprint	· ·
Seasona	al food	
Agribusi	iness	



16. Sustainable energy use in homes, urban workplaces, transport (Malmo, Sweden)		HER THE PO	C COMES O BUSI	
17. Local renewable energy in an LIC or NEE (sustainable supply) Chambammontera, Peru	To a strong			

Population density	
Reservoir	
Water stress	
Water supply	
Water deficit	
Water transfer	
Managing water quality	
Water recycling	
Energy Mix	
Energy security	
Energy insecurity	
Energy exploitation	

Fossil fuel	
Renewable energy	
Nuclear energy	
Biofuel	
Hydro electric power (HEP)	
Geothermal energy	
Fracking	
Energy consumption	
Energy supply/production	
Energy surplus	
Physical factors	
Political factors	
Photovoltaic cells	
Sustainable energy supply	
Sustainable energy use	
Malmo, Sweden	
Double glazing	
Energy efficient applicances	